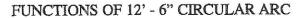
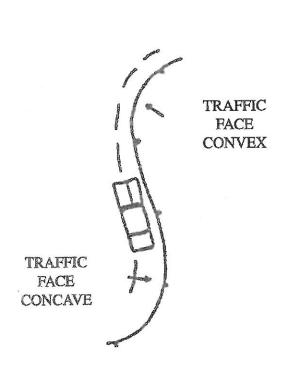
RADIUS DETERMINATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Determine where curve will be.
- 2. Determine first post hole.
- 3. Next post hole at 12'6".
- 4. Mark your midpoint between 2 post holes, i.e. 6'3".
- 5. Measure from midpoint 6'3" up to the curve, this is your rise. (H)
- 6. For an example assume (H) is 4" in this case.
- 7. Look at chart under (H) as 4", look across to radius and it is 60. You need a 60 radius for this curve.
- 3. And actually your holes on the 60 radius will be at 12'-5 4/3" (as chord on chart indicates) so set post accordingly.

Rail sections, for curves having a radius of 10 to 150 feet can be shop-curves convex or concave, as required.





- a. 1		~ 9	73.7.
Radius	Central Angle	Chord	Rise
		(C)	(H)
10	71" - 37'	11' -8%"	1' - 10 ¾"
15	47° - 45'	12' - 1 %"	1'-3 %"
20	35° - 49'	12' - 3 %"	11%"
25	28° - 39°	12" - 4 1/4"	9 %"
30	23° - 52'	12' - 4 %"	7 %°
35	20° - 28'	12° - 5 1⁄4°	6 %"
40	17° - 54°	12' - 5 %"	5%
45	15° - 55'	12' - 5 1/3"	5 16 ¹⁰
50	14° - 19'	12' - 5 %°	4 %
55	13° - 01'	12' - 5 %"	4 1/4"
60	11° - 56'	12' - 5 ¾"	400
65	11°-01'	12' - 5 1/8"	3 5%°
70	10° - 14'	12'-5 %"	3 %°
70	10° - 14'	12'-5%"	3 %°